

# Monetary policy in an uncertain economic policy landscape

West Sweden Chamber of Commerce

14 October 2014

Governor Stefan Ingves

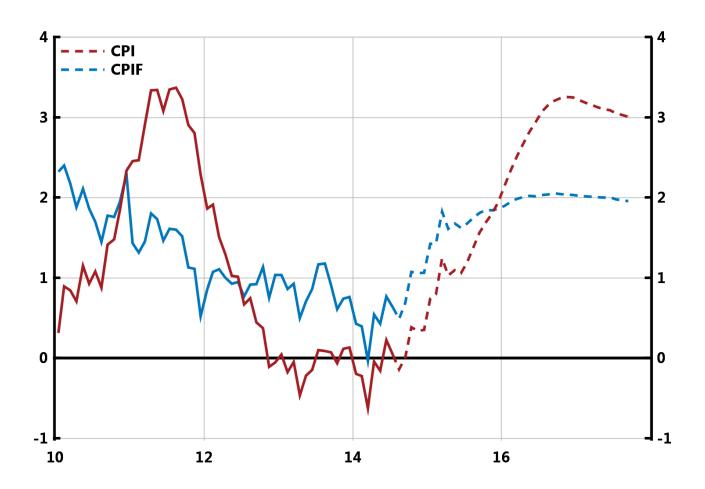


### **Agenda**

- The development of the Swedish economy in the years ahead
- Why the forecast is so uncertain
- How one should conduct monetary policy in the light of this uncertainty

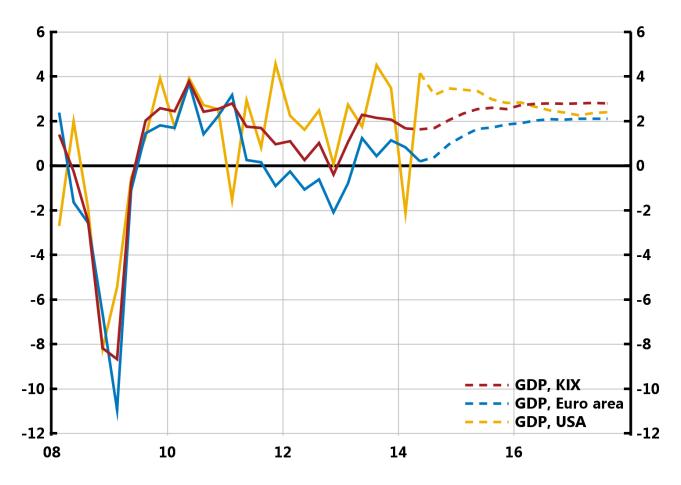


### Low inflation in Sweden



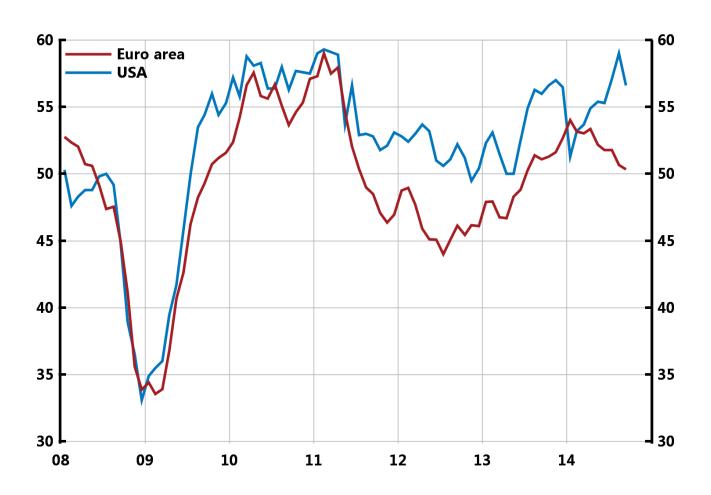








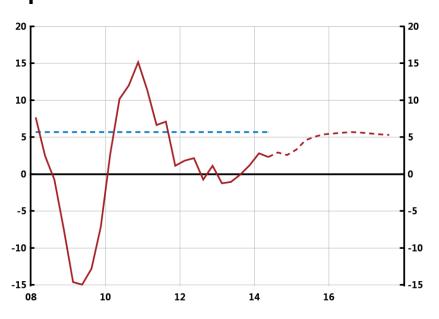
### Subdued confidence in the euro area



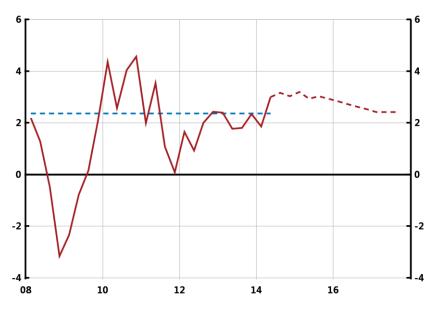




#### **Exports**



#### **Household consumption**



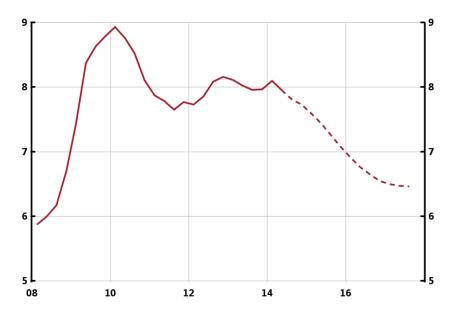


### **Stronger Swedish labour market**

### **Employment rate**

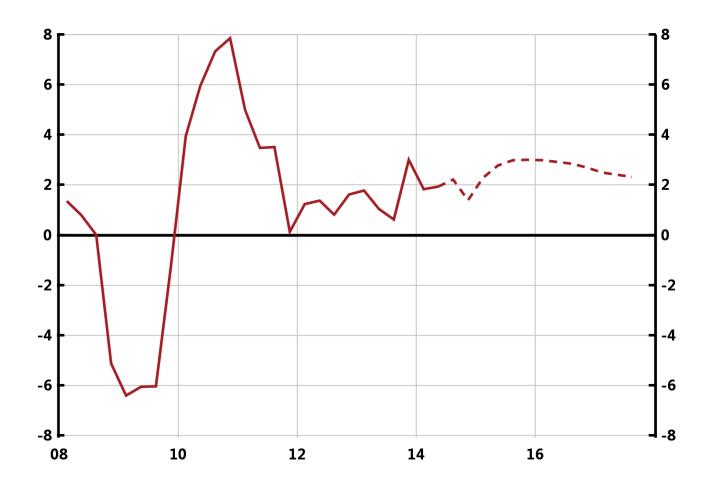
## 68 67 66 65 64 08 10 12 14 16

### **Unemployment**



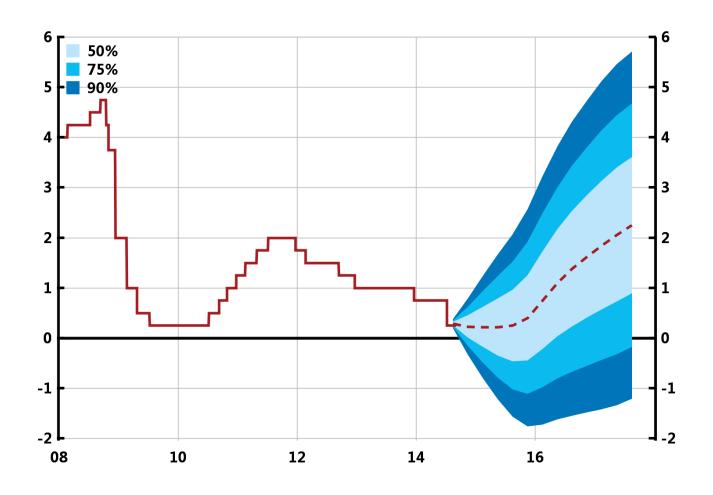






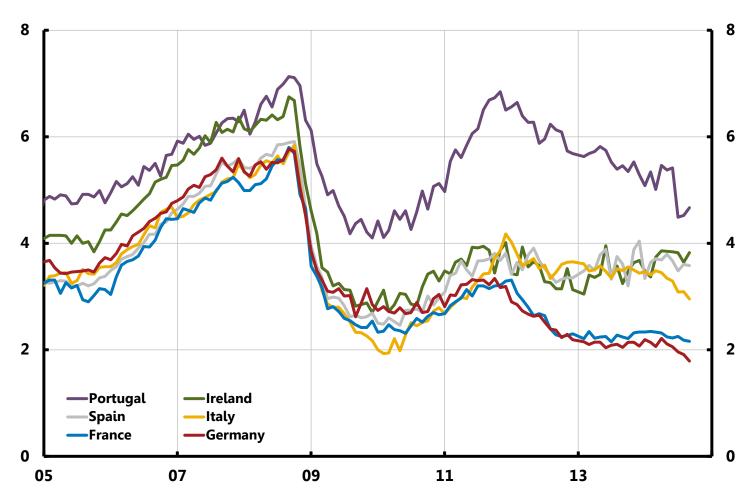


### Repo rate remains low



# Difficulties in the European banking sector lead to differences in corporate interest rates



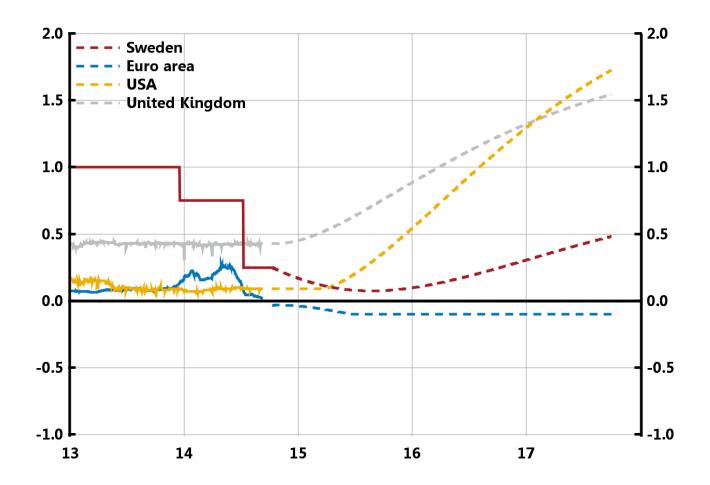


Per cent. Source: ECB



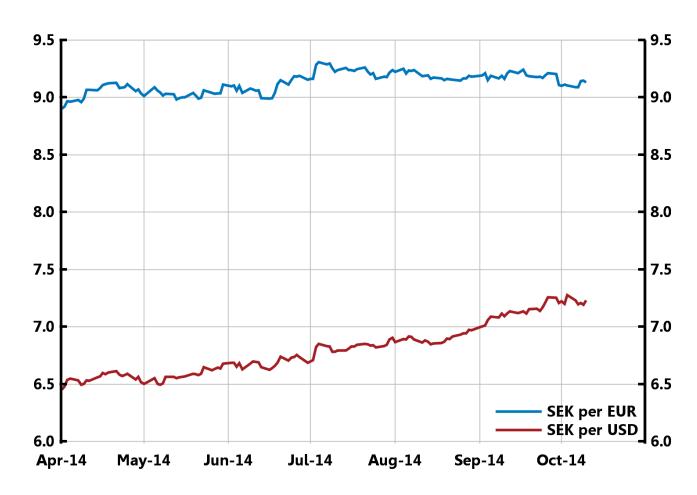
### Monetary policy abroad out of step

Forward rates, per cent



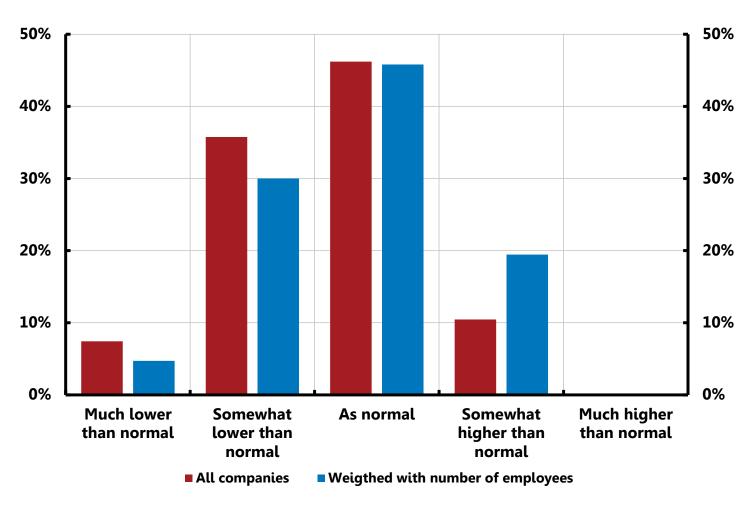


### Monetary policy abroad affects the krona



# Weak and uncertain demand and increasing competition have led to low markups

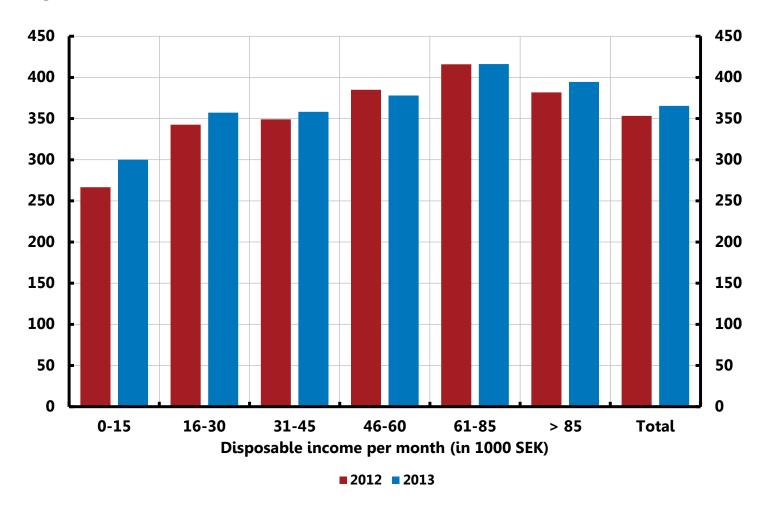




## SVERIGES RIKSBANK

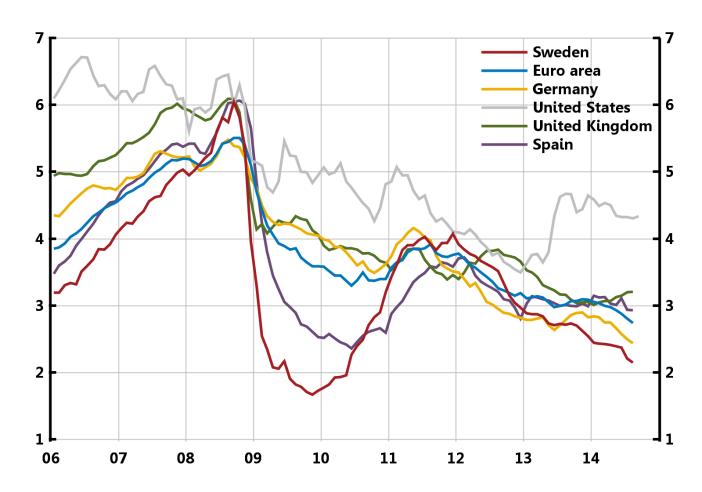
### New mortgage lenders take on high debts...

Percentage of disposable income





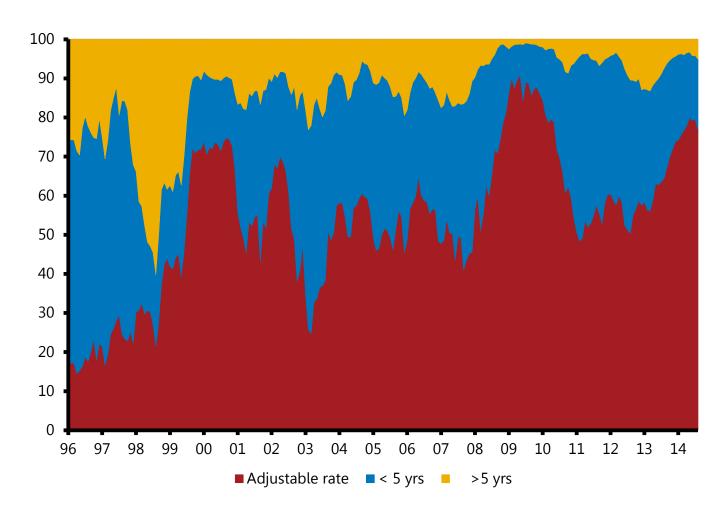
### ... and currently pay very low interest rates



## New mortgages usually taken at variable rates



Per cent





### Measures to combat the build-up of debt

- What measures will be taken?
- What effects will they have on household consumption and ultimately on inflationary pressures in the Swedish economy?

# Monetary policy in an uncertain economic policy landscape



Economic activity in Sweden is now improving...

...but our forecasts are highly uncertain, especially a couple of years ahead

- There are important sources of uncertainty both at home and abroad
- But monetary policy decisions need to be made